

CASIMIR-PERIER PRESIDENT.

Continued from First Page.

name of M. Dupuy. Meanwhile a supply of Dupuy tickets was ordered from a local printer.

M. Brisson was on hand, wearing a black alpaca jacket, and going about among his knots of friends, his face red and perspiration rolling down his cheeks.

M. CASIMIR-PERIER THE FAVORITE.

At 2:30 p. m. the consensus of opinion was that M. Casimir-Perier would be elected on the first ballot. The betting then stood: Casimir-Perier, 2 to 1; Dupuy, 2 to 1; Brisson, 3 to 1; and so on. None of the other candidates were mentioned. A number of M. Dupuy's friends, however, except M. Arago, who was with the utmost energy, and prophesied a revolution if M. Casimir-Perier should be elected.

In the lobby a member of M. Dupuy's former Cabinet loudly declared that he would rather lose his right hand than that such an unpollished peasant as Dupuy should be elected President of France.

At 2:45 p. m. the letter "P" was reached, and the canvassing among the Deputies and Senators lulled in anticipation of the result of the voting.

M. Jules Guesde, Socialist, was stopped by a United Press representative, who asked what he thought of the candidates. All he would say was that he regarded M. Casimir-Perier as the hereditary enemy of the people.

M. Goblet, ex-Minister and Radical Socialist, informed the United Press that he considered it a second duty to vote for Casimir-Perier, who would insure his supporters going over to M. Brisson, in whose hands would be placed the reins of government.

When the name of M. Faber, Socialist, was called, he exclaimed: "I shall not vote, because I believe another President will kill the Republic."

CONGRATULATING THE VICTOR.

M. Casimir-Perier arrived at the palace at 3:30 p. m. Neither he nor M. Dupuy voted. When the calling of the roll was finished there was a commotion for absentees. This occurred a few minutes later, and the counting of the votes then began.

At 3:55 p. m. it was generally believed that a sufficient number to elect him, and on the strength of this belief many Deputies and Senators hastened to congratulate him.

Just before the result of the vote was read M. Delcandé and Micheliol attempted to deposit in the ballot-box a document, which was refused by the President. M. Delcandé, however, continued to persist, the papers to be put into the box.

At 4:15 every one in the hall sat patiently awaiting the counting of the ballots and the announcement of the result. The President, however, was worried and varied the monotony by shouting "Vive la République!" and "Vive la République!" and so on.

The result was announced to the Senators and Deputies at 4:15. The announcement of M. Casimir-Perier's victory elicited cheering.

The business of the National Congress being finished, the President left the hall at 4:30. He was escorted by a group of eminently fit men, to assume the headship of the State and continue the work so well begun and established by the martyred President.

Jean Paul Pierre Casimir-Perier comes of a family long honorably eminent in France. His great-grandfather was a notable, living near Grenoble, who, dying left a son, Jacques, a tradesman.

The latter left a fortune of \$125,000 to his son, Claude, a long-headed and enterprising speculator, who in the troublous days before the Revolution contrived to amass a colossal capital, part of which he invested in the splendid Château de Vialle.

After the Terror he came to Paris, where he helped to found the Bank of France and sat in the Corps Législatif. This was the first of his two careers.

While the third displayed his father's commercial sagacity in many fields, it was the fourth of his children, Casimir, who was destined to establish the political fortunes of the family on a prouder basis than heretofore. He was a man of indomitable energy and strong but honorable ambition.

In person he was a giant, with a voice of thunder, a better style of eloquence, and a career, from 1830 to 1880, of a man of considerable part in the Opposition after the Restoration, and his policy as President of the Council under Louis Philippe is a matter of history.

In 1832 he visited the cholera hospital with the Duc d'Orléans, father of the Comte de Paris, caught the infection and died. The elder of his two sons, Paul by name, still survives as a Senator of the Seine, and his younger brother, Auguste, who was a prominent figure in the French Revolution, died in 1880.

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later he became Prime Minister. His wise and masterful course at the head of the Cabinet shows what kind of a President he will probably make. He is a man of a strong, manly, and critical spirit, and proud and autocratic. But then he said M. Carnot was cold and unympathetic. He showed no qualities in public or in private character that would unfit him for being an ideal President of France.

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Papal Nuncio regarding a letter issued over the clergy of France. The Nuncio gave an apology for the affair. The Vatican gave an apology for the affair. The Vatican gave an apology for the affair.

THE COLLISION BETWEEN THE DELANO AND THE NEW-YORK.

HE THINKS THE LATTER VESSEL DID NOT KEEP A PROPER LOOKOUT—NO PANIC ON THE NEW-YORK AND THE VESSEL NOT SERIOUSLY INJURED.

Southampton, June 27.—The American Line steamer New-York, from New-York June 20, arrived here at 4:50 p. m. to-day. As a result of her collision near Nantucket soon after midnight on June 21, the Neptune Line steamer Delano, New York, shows only slight damage on her port side.

Joseph Thron, president of the Société Française de Bienfaisance, when seen at his office, No. 23 South William-st., expressed delight when informed by the reporter of the election of M. Casimir-Perier. "Do you know," said he, "I have a friend, a Legationist, and while I am not an American, I am a Frenchman. I am a Frenchman, I am a Frenchman, I am a Frenchman."

The night was bright and clear. I was on the bridge at 10:30 p. m. when I left in charge of the second senior officer, Mr. Roberts, and the second officer, Mr. Marsden, with two first-class passengers. The promenade deck was examined, and it was found that we had carried away the bow and port anchor, and the starboard anchor, and the starboard anchor, and the starboard anchor.

The examination of the New-York showed that we had lost the bow and port anchor, and the starboard anchor, and the starboard anchor, and the starboard anchor, and the starboard anchor, and the starboard anchor.

From the statements I have from the officers and the crew, I am satisfied that the collision was a very serious one. The damage done to the ship can be seen in the large quantity of water in the hold, and in the large quantity of water in the hold, and in the large quantity of water in the hold.

HE WILL INSPIRE CONFIDENCE.

"I feel certain," Mr. Thron answered, "that his known past will inspire confidence throughout Europe. On the other hand, it is certain that he will not allow the rights of France to be infringed or invaded at home or abroad. He is a strong, energetic man, and one who cannot be used for any sinister purpose. The only thing that I think he will do is to inspire confidence throughout Europe."

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London, June 27.—The bodies recovered from the Albion mine near Pont-y-Pŷdd last month 38.

THE CONFERENCE DEMAND REASONABLE.

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Tangiers, June 27.—The Spanish Treasury official who came from Madrid to collect the first installment of the Moorish indemnity to Spain, has returned with £100,000, and has paid it to the Spanish Treasury.

RESOLUTIONS BY A REPUBLICAN CLUB.

The Progress Republican Club, Second-ave, and Second-st., has taken action on the death of President Carnot, resolving:

That the Progress Republican Club of the city of New-York, in the name of the Republic, do hereby express its sympathy for the French Republic, and its confidence in the French Republic.

RECEIVING TENANTS, EMPLOYEES AND FRIENDS.

The Postal Telegraph Company gave their last "open night" last night to the tenants and employees and their friends. The great building was crowded from basement to roof.

HOW SHALL THIS MAN BE HANGED?

From The San Francisco Call.

Dr. James Martin, of Pittsburgh, who is in the city, tells of the strange case of a man in that city, who was hanged by the neck, and whose physical condition is such that the execution of the sentence will be a somewhat difficult matter.

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YALE ATHLETES IN ENGLAND.

RECEIVED BY THE OXFORD ATHLETIC CLUB.

THEY ARE TO PRACTISE ON THE UNIVERSITY GROUNDS—LORD HAWKE'S CRICKET CLUB COMING TO AMERICA.

London, June 27.—The Oxford Athletic Club this evening received the Yale athletes, who arrived on the steamship New-York. The Yale men will lodge at Oxford with a view to practicing on the University grounds, which the Oxford Club place at their disposal.

Lord Hawke will start for America with his amateur cricket club on the steamship New-York on September 8, in response to an invitation from the Germantown Cricket Club.

HOW "DUKE" THOMPSON MANAGED IT.

Camden, N. J., June 27 (Special).—Some of the methods by which the army of race-track employees and hangers-on rolled up the majority for William J. Thompson last fall were brought out by the Stors Assembly Investigating Committee, which resumed its session to-day.

THE MEANING OF CORPORATIONS AND TRUSTS.

Points out the causes and tendencies that are producing combinations of capital and of labor.

STUDIES OF CHILDHOOD—THE AGE OF IMAGINATION.

The first of a series by the eminent English psychologist, Mr. W. D. Howells, on the development of the child's mind.

A COLONIAL WEATHER SERVICE.

An account of the observations and correspondence of Thomas Jefferson and John Jay, in which our modern weather service is foreshadowed.

SENSING THROUGH THE WOODS.

Describes the texture of various well-known woods, with pictures showing the grain of each by transmitted light.

OTHER ARTICLES.

Harper's Weekly.

CONTAINING A PORTRAIT OF PRESIDENT CARNOT.

AND A COMPREHENSIVE AND FULLY ILLUSTRATED ARTICLE ON SOCIALISM IN FRANCE.

HARPER & BROTHERS, Publishers.

JULY ATLANTIC.

Contains among other attractions: "Letters of Sidney Taylor, L.," by W. B. Thayer; "Philip and His Wife," by W. B. Thayer; "The House of the Future," by Frank Bailey; "On the Beach at Daytona," by Bradford Torrey; "The Red Bird," by Lafcadio Hearn; "The Mayor and the City," by Harvey N. Shepard; "In the Days of the City," by Mrs. J. Laurence Laughlin; and other excellent papers.

HOUGHTON, MIFFLIN & CO., Boston.

1